# Epping Forest District Council Corporate Risk Register

Date: 20 January 2014

# Contents

#### Section

Page No.

| 1.         | Introduction                           | 3      |
|------------|--|--------|
| 2.         | The Process                            | 4      |
| Appendix 1 | Risk Profile                           | 6      |
| Appendix 2 | Corporate Risk Register / Action Plans | 7 - 18 |

# 1. Introduction

A strategic risk management 'refresh' exercise was conducted on 15<sup>th</sup> May 2013 with assistance from Zurich Risk Engineering. This exercise was an opportunity for the Management Board to refresh (or update) through identification, analysis and prioritisation those risks that may affect the ability of the Council to achieve its strategic objectives and Corporate Plan. In doing so, the organisation is recognising the need to sustain risk management at the highest level.

The refresh exercise involved a workshop with Management Board to identify new business risk areas and to update and re-profile important risks from the existing corporate risk register.

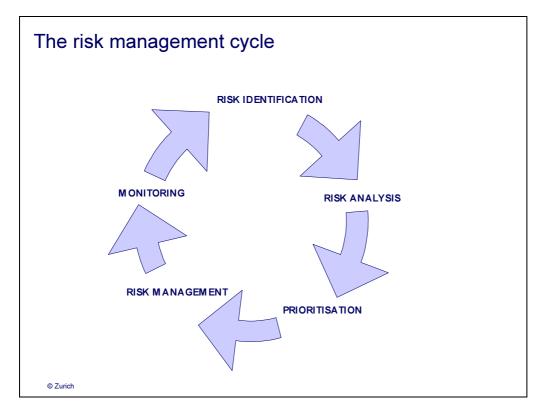
In total 8 strategic risks were profiled at the workshop and during the workshop, each risk was discussed to ensure common agreement and understanding of its description and then prioritised on a matrix. The risk matrix measured each risk for its likelihood and its impact in terms of its potential for affecting the ability of the organisation to achieve its objectives.

For the risks that were assessed with higher likelihood and impact, the group validated the risk scenarios and determined actions to manage them, including assessing the adequacy of existing actions and identifying the need for further actions in order to move the risk down the matrix.

Management Board agreed a timescale for re-visiting these risks in order to assess if they are still relevant and to identify new scenarios. Risks in the red zone will be monitored on a monthly basis and those in the amber zone on a quarterly basis.

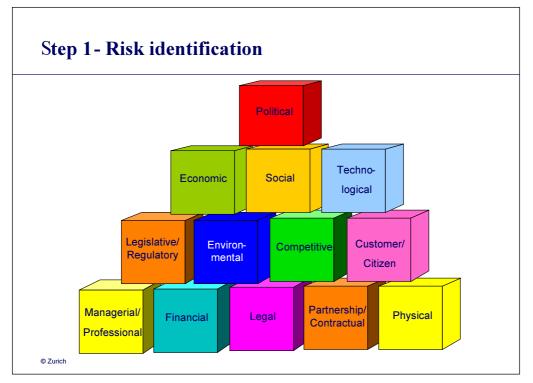
The following report outlines the process utilised by Zurich Risk Engineering and the results achieved.

# 2. The Process



#### **Risk identification**

The first of five stages of the risk management cycle requires risk identification. This formed the initial part of the workshop. In doing so the following 13 categories of risk were considered.



#### **Risk analysis**

During the workshop, the identified risks were discussed and framed into a risk scenario format, containing risk cause and consequence elements, with a 'trigger' also identified, This format ensured that the full nature of the risk was considered and also helped with the prioritisation of the risks.

#### **Risk prioritisation**

The discussion resulted in 8 risk scenarios being agreed (Appendix 2) and these were then assessed for impact and likelihood and plotted onto a matrix (Appendix 1). The likelihood of the risks was measured as being 'very high', 'high', 'medium', or 'low/very low'. The impact, compared against the key objectives and Corporate Plan was measured as being 'major', 'moderate', 'minor' or 'insignificant'.

Once all risks had been plotted the matrix was overlaid with red, amber and green filers, with those risks in the red area requiring further particular scrutiny in the short-term, followed by those in the amber area.

#### Risk management and monitoring

The next stage is to monitor the revised management action plans. These plans frame the risk management actions that are required. They map out the target for each risk i.e. to reduce the likelihood, impact or both. They also include targets and critical success factors to allow the risk management action to be monitored.

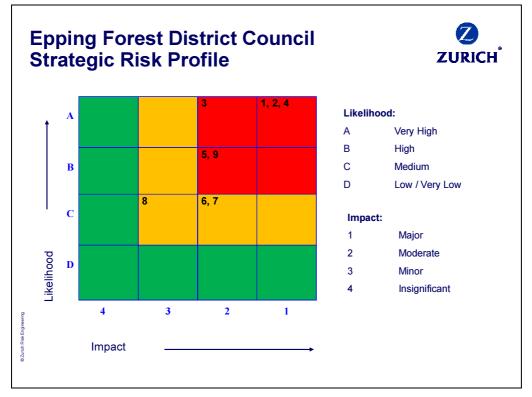
A risk owner has been identified for each risk. It is vital that each risk should be owned by a member of Management Board to ensure that there is high level support, understanding and monitoring of the work that is required as part of the plans. Risks should also be reviewed as part of the business planning process, in order to assess if they are still relevant and to identify new issues.

The monitoring of these action plans takes place at Corporate Governance Group, Management Board and the Risk Management Group. The action plans are also reported to Members quarterly.

# Appendix 1 – Risk Profile

#### **Risk profile**

During the workshop, 8 risks were identified and framed into scenarios. The results are shown on the following risk profile.



Appendix 2 details all of the above risks.

It is important that an action plan element is written for each of the risks, with particular focus on those with the highest priority, as it is this which will allow them to be monitored and successfully managed down.

An opportunity was also taken as part of this refresh to 'spring clean' the risk numbers, and they have been numbered in current priority order as follows:

| New risk number | Short name           |
|-----------------|----------------------|
| 1               | Local plan           |
| 2               | Strategic sites      |
| 3               | Welfare reform       |
| 4               | Finance – income     |
| 5               | Economic development |
| 6               | Data/ information    |
| 7               | Business continuity  |
| 8               | Partnerships         |
| 9               | Safeguarding         |

### Appendix 2 – Corporate Risk Register and Action Plans

| Risk No 1 Local Plan A1   |  |  |                 |
|---|--|--|-----------------|
| Vulnerability   | Trigger  | Consequence  | Risk Owner      |
| On-going changes to Planning system increase importance of having up to date Local Plan.  | Failure to make timely decisions and adhere to Local Development Scheme Project Plan.  | Reduced ability to manage development in line with<br>local priorities.<br>Failure to provide strategic direction for future<br>development, and housing etc for future needs.   | John<br>Preston |
| Changes in government planning policy require<br>new Local Plan to take approaches significantly<br>different from predecessors eg Duty to Co-operate,<br>release Green Belt. | Failure of Council to approve a draft<br>plan in line with National Planning<br>Policy Framework.  | Plan not "sound", leading for further delay, wasted resources, and vulnerability to planning appeal decisions.   |                 |
| Difficulties in implementing "Duty to Co-operate"<br>may make it difficult or impossible to achieve<br>"sound" Local Plan in timely fashion                                   | Inability to agree, particularly on amount and distribution of objectively assessed development needs.   | As above   |                 |
| Failure to make timely progress increases likelihood<br>of "planning by appeal"   | Failure to adhere to Local<br>Development Scheme leads to<br>developers making significant<br>planning applications in advance of<br>new Plan. | Significant diversion of professional resources to<br>appeals.<br>Risk of costs awards against Council.<br>Potential lost opportunity for infrastructure and other<br>provision due to outdated/National Planning Policy<br>Framework non-compliant policies<br>Development which is inappropriate in<br>location/scale/type |                 |
| Loss/sickness of key staff and recruitment<br>difficulties or inappropriate resource provision hold<br>back progress.   | Loss/long term absence of key staff.   | Delay in progress<br>Potential need for rework due to loss of "corporate<br>memory".   |                 |

| Existing Controls/actions to<br>address risk  | Effectiveness of<br>controls/actions  | Required further<br>management action   | Responsibility<br>for action              | Critical success<br>factors and measures  | Review<br>frequency                               | Key date   |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|
| Project management approach<br>in place including regular<br>updates, resource planning.  | Project plan needs to<br>incorporate more time for<br>political engagement at key<br>decision points.   | Agree mechanisms and<br>timing with lead members,<br>incorporate in revised<br>project plan                   | Glen Chipp<br>John Preston<br>Anna Cronin | Future adherence to project plan.   | Project plan<br>ongoing.<br>MB review 6<br>weekly | As per project<br>plan                                     |
| Local Development Scheme reviewed July 2013.  | Local Development Scheme now out of date (Nov 13).  | Review Local<br>Development Scheme on<br>basis of new project plan,<br>when agreed (see above)                | Anna Cronin<br>Glen Chipp                 | Local Development<br>Scheme remains robust  | As<br>necessary                                   | See above  |
| Workshops for EFDC and<br>Town/Parish councillors on key<br>issues to enhance awareness<br>and understanding of new<br>government requirements.         | Workshops popular and helpful but not a mechanism for strategic decision making.  | Supplement workshops<br>with other forms of<br>briefing to EFDC<br>members as agreed with<br>leading members. | John Preston<br>Anna Cronin               | Timely decision making<br>in line with project plan.  | As<br>necessary                                   | See above  |
| Engagement with other key<br>stakeholders eg ad hoc<br>meetings with Town/Parish<br>councils, Resident<br>Associations, use of Forester<br>and website. | Limited, as tends to be<br>reactive, resource intensive,<br>and consistent messages<br>difficult to develop in light of<br>uncertainties over project<br>plan | Develop strategic<br>communications plan and<br>implement<br>See above re project plan                        | Glen Chipp<br>Anna Cronin                 | Stakeholders feel well<br>informed about process<br>and decisions (though<br>they may not agree).<br>Informed responses to<br>public consultation.<br>Less need for reactive<br>communications. | As<br>necessary                                   | Establish<br>communications<br>approach by end<br>of 2013. |

| Risk No 1 Local Plan – /  |   |   |                              |  |                         |                              |
|---|---|---|------------------------------|--|-------------------------|------------------------------|
| Existing Controls/actions to<br>address risk  | Effectiveness of<br>controls/actions  | Required further management action  | Responsibility<br>for action | Critical success<br>factors and measures                                     | Review<br>frequency     | Key date                     |
| Systematic approach to Duty<br>to Co-operate, engaging public<br>bodies and developing<br>Memorandum of<br>Jnderstanding with key<br>councils around Harlow.  | Difficulties and delay in<br>engaging councils in serious<br>discussion re Memorandum<br>of Understanding, however<br>progress now being made.<br>Initial meetings held with<br>most other key bodies with<br>positive outcomes, issues<br>identified.<br>Constant review of Planning<br>Institute local plan decisions<br>re Duty to Co-operate. | Important that key<br>decisions do not precede<br>Duty to Co-operate ie "fait<br>accompli"- needs to be<br>accommodated in project<br>plan and Local<br>Development Scheme.<br>Progress Memorandum of<br>Understanding, engaging<br>members and using<br>Planning Advisory Service<br>support as necessary.<br>Engage further key<br>bodies eg Lee Valley<br>Regional Park.<br>Discuss informally with<br>Planning Institute as<br>necessary. | John Preston<br>Anna Cronin  | Submitted plan passes<br>legal test of Duty to Co-<br>operate.               | MB review<br>six weekly | As above.                    |
| Consultants in place to support<br>project management, resource<br>planning, Sustainability<br>Assessment, transport<br>modelling, masterplanning.<br>Experienced maternity cover<br>for two key posts in place.<br>Femporary posts resourced.<br>Budget available. | Staff cannot be prevented<br>from leaving. Exit interviews<br>should reveal any specific<br>patterns.<br>Market is picking up, making<br>recruitment more difficul.t  | Continue to recruit swiftly<br>as issues occur.<br>Keep structure of team<br>and remuneration under<br>review in the light of wider<br>council restructure, using<br>consultancy support as<br>appropriate.<br>Plan appropriate<br>handovers as senior staff<br>move towards retirement<br>etc.   | John Preston<br>Anna Cronin  | No delays to timetable<br>due to staffing gaps or<br>lack of critical skills | As above                | Adherence to<br>project plan |

| Vulnerability   |  | Trigger     |   | Consequence  |  |                     | Risk Owner      |
|---|--|-------------|---|--|--|---------------------|-----------------|
| The Council has a number of Strategic sites which it needs to make the right decisions about and then deliver on those decisions. |  | strategic s | nising the opportunity of the<br>sites either through<br>or delivery                          | <ul> <li>Financial viability of Council harmed</li> <li>Lack of economic development and job creation</li> <li>External criticism</li> </ul> |  |                     | Colleen O'Boyle |
| Existing Controls/actions to<br>address risk  | Effectivenes<br>controls/acti            |             | Required further management action  | Responsibility<br>for action   | Critical success<br>factors and measures   | Review<br>frequency | Key date        |
| Work on strategic sites is co-<br>ordinated through a dedicated<br>Cabinet Committee.   | Work is progressing<br>developing a numb |             | Reports to Cabinet<br>Committee and Cabinet to<br>obtain decisions on<br>development options. | Colleen O'Boyle  | Development of<br>strategic sites<br>completed in<br>accordance with Cabinet<br>decisions. | Monthly             | None            |

| Risk No 3 Welfare Reform   | n A2  |                                    |   |   |   |                     |   |
|--|---|------------------------------------|---|---|---|---------------------|---|
| Vulnerability  |   | Trigger                            |   | Consequence   |   |                     | Risk Owner  |
| the welfare system which is likely to have serious det   |   |                                    | eform changes have a<br>al effect on the Council and<br>ty                        | <ul> <li>Tenants no longer able to afford current/new tenancies.</li> <li>Increase in evictions and homelessness</li> <li>Increased costs of temporary accommodation</li> <li>Unable to secure similar level of income due to payment defaults</li> <li>Increase in rent arrears</li> <li>Public dissatisfaction</li> <li>Criticism of the Council for not mitigating the effects for residents.</li> </ul> |   |                     | Alan Hall   |
| Existing Controls /actions to<br>address risk  | Effectivenes<br>controls/act  |                                    | Required further<br>management action   | Responsibility<br>for action  | Critical success<br>factors and measures  | Review<br>frequency | Key date  |
| Joint Benefits and Housing<br>working group established.<br>Mitigation action plan<br>developed. | Two thirds of the ac<br>have been impleme<br>the remaining actio<br>abeyance pending<br>Government annou<br>on Universal Credit | ented and<br>ns are in<br>ncements | Working Group to<br>continue and amend<br>mitigation action plan as<br>necessary. | Alan Hall   | A smooth<br>implementation of<br>welfare reforms.<br>Minimise number and<br>cost of redundancies. | Monthly             | Start date for<br>Universal Credit<br>still unclear |

| Risk No 4 Finance Income  | e A1  |           |   |  |  |                     |                |
|---|---|-----------|---|--|--|---------------------|----------------|
| Vulnerability   |   | Trigger   |   | Consequence  |  |                     | Risk Owner     |
| The Council has a reliance on major income<br>generating contracts and fee earning services that<br>have been adversely affected by the on-going<br>economic difficulties.<br>With changes to central funding based on local<br>retention of NDR the Council is more vulnerable to<br>downturns in the local economy due to business<br>ceasing trading and lack of residential development<br>Welfare reform may require substantial change to<br>the calculation and administration of benefits with a<br>likely reduction in funding received.<br>Potential loss of NHB to fund LEP<br>The medium term financial strategy requires net<br>CSB reductions of £2.3m over four years, which is a<br>challenging target. |   | income du | e secure required level of<br>ue to recession, reduced<br>confidence or adverse<br>funding  | <ul> <li>Staffing and s</li> <li>Increase Cou</li> <li>Increase in ch</li> <li>Greater use c<br/>achieved</li> </ul> |  | avings not          | Bob Palmer     |
| Existing Controls /actions to<br>address risk   | Effectivenes<br>controls/acti   |           | Required further management action  | Responsibility<br>for action   | Critical success factors and measures  | Review<br>frequency | Key date       |
| Monitoring of key income<br>streams and NDR tax base.<br>Savings opportunities pursued<br>through service reviews and<br>corporate restructure.   | Effective to date as<br>have been achieve<br>meet the financial to<br>by Members. | d that    | Update Medium Term<br>Financial Strategy as<br>announcements are made<br>on changes to central<br>funding and welfare.<br>Respond to Government<br>consultation on funding. | Bob Palmer   | Savings targets<br>achieved with net<br>expenditure reductions<br>over the medium term<br>as part of a structured<br>plan. | Monthly             | 18 Feb<br>2014 |

| Vulnerability  |   | Trigger     |   | Consequence   |   |                     | Risk Owner |
|--|---|-------------|---|---|---|---------------------|------------|
| Economic development and employment is very<br>important, particularly in the current economic<br>climate. The Council needs to be able to provide<br>opportunities for economic development and<br>employment (especially youth employment) in the<br>District. |   |             | erforms relatively poorly<br>to other authorities.                    | <ul> <li>Unable to secure sufficient opportunities</li> <li>Local area and people lose out</li> <li>Insufficient inward investment</li> <li>Impact on economic vitality of area</li> <li>Loss of revenue</li> </ul> |   |                     | Glen Chipp |
| Existing Controls/actions to<br>address risk   | Effectivenes<br>controls/act  |             | Required further management action                                    | Responsibility<br>for action  | Critical success factors and measures   | Review<br>frequency | Key date   |
| Work has commenced on an<br>updated Economic<br>Development Strategy.  | Resources in this a<br>not yet been increa<br>with the greater sig<br>it now has. | sed in line | Completion of Strategy<br>and allocation of<br>appropriate resources. | Glen Chipp  | Growth in NDR tax base<br>and employment<br>opportunities. Council to<br>be viewed as punching<br>above its weight. | Monthly             | None       |

| Vulnerability  |  | Trigger  |  | Consequence  |  | Risk Owner          |            |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|---------------------|------------|
| The Authority handles a large amount of personal<br>and business data. Either through hacking or<br>carelessness, security of the data could be<br>compromised.  |  | Data held by the Council ends up in in in appropriate hands. |  | <ul> <li>Breach of corporate governance</li> <li>Increased costs and legal implications</li> <li>Reputation damaged</li> </ul> |  |                     | Bob Palmer |
| Existing Controls/actions to<br>address risk   | Effectiveness of controls/actions                                |  | Required further<br>management action  | Responsibility<br>for action   | Critical success<br>factors and measures   | Review<br>frequency | Key date   |
| Security Officer is continually<br>monitoring situation and<br>potential risks. Most systems<br>have in built controls to<br>prevent unauthorised access.<br>Controls in systems have been<br>strengthened in response to<br>specific occurrences<br>Revised Corporate Data<br>Protection e-learning module<br>being rolled –out for<br>compulsory staff completion. | Generally effective<br>although some laps<br>occurred in 2012/13 | ses still  | Maintain GCSx<br>compliance and system<br>controls.<br>Investigation of possible<br>consolidation of Data<br>Protection and Freedom<br>of Information work in one<br>area. | Bob Palmer   | No data loss or system<br>downtime due to<br>unauthorised access of<br>EFDC systems or data.<br>Continued security of<br>personal data held by<br>the Council in<br>accordance with the<br>Data Protections Act<br>1998. | Quarterly           | None       |

| Risk No 7 Business Cor  | ntinuity C2  |   |   |   |  |                     |              |
|---|--|---|---|---|--|---------------------|--------------|
| Vulnerability   |  | Trigger   |   | Consequence   |  |                     | Risk Owner   |
| The Council is required to develop and implement<br>robust Business Continuity Plans in line with the<br>requirements of the Civil Contingencies Act. |  | Unable to respond effectively to a<br>business continuity incident (e.g IT<br>virus/flu pandemic) |   | <ul> <li>Services disrupted / Loss of service</li> <li>Possible loss of income</li> <li>Staff absence</li> <li>Hardship for some of the community</li> <li>Council criticised for not responding effectively</li> </ul> |  |                     | Derek MacNab |
| Existing Controls/actions to<br>address risk  | Effectiveness of controls/actions                            |   | Required further management action  | Responsibility<br>for action  | Critical success factors and measures  | Review<br>frequency | Key date     |
| Most services already have<br>business continuity plans in<br>place and a separate flu<br>pandemic plan has been<br>developed.                        | The effectiveness of is assessed periodi through test and ex | cally   | Both corporate and<br>service business<br>continuity plans are being<br>updated.<br>Implementation of Cabinet<br>approved measures to<br>enhance the resilience of<br>ICT | Derek MacNab  | Having plans in place<br>which are proved fit for<br>purpose either by events<br>or external scrutiny. | Quarterly           | None         |

| Risk No 8 Partnerships<br>Vulnerability  | C3                                | Trigger               |  | Consequence   |   |                     | Risk Owner |
|--|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|--|---|---|---------------------|------------|
| The Council is involved in a plethora of multi<br>agency partnerships e.g. LSP - LEP, and these<br>have a variety of governance arrangements.<br>Localism act may cause transfer of Council services<br>to providers with governance issues. |                                   | Key partn<br>provided | ership fails or services<br>via arrangements lacking<br>governance.  | <ul> <li>Relationships</li> <li>Claw back of</li> <li>Unforeseen a<br/>Council</li> <li>Censure by a</li> <li>Adverse impation</li> </ul> | Glen Chipp  |                     |            |
| Existing Controls/actions to<br>address risk   | Effectiveness of controls/actions |                       | Required further<br>management action  | Responsibility<br>for action  | Critical success<br>factors and measures  | Review<br>frequency | Key date   |
| Active participation in key<br>partnerships by appropriate<br>officers/Members.<br>Structured reporting back to<br>designated Scrutiny Panels.<br>Members can request<br>representatives on outside<br>bodies to report to Full<br>Council.  | No significant issues to date.    |                       | Continue existing<br>monitoring procedures for<br>current partnerships and<br>construct appropriate<br>arrangements for any new<br>partnerships. | Glen Chipp  | Glen Chipp No significant impacts Quarter<br>on service delivery or<br>Council reputation from<br>any partnership failures. |                     | None       |

| Risk No 9 Safeguarding B2   |   |   |              |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|---|---|--------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Vulnerability   | Trigger   | Consequence   | Risk Owner   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| The Council needs to demonstrate its ability to<br>meet its duties under Sections 11 and 47 of the<br>Children Act 2004.<br>Although not yet a statutory requirement, the<br>Council also needs to comply with best practise in<br>regard to safeguarding vulnerable adults from<br>harm.<br>This is a Council –wide requirement which includes<br>training and awareness of staff at all levels across<br>the organisation and Elected Members.<br>Effective systems and processes for safeguarding<br>children, young people and vulnerable adults need<br>to be in place | The Council fails to meet its duties<br>in regard to safeguarding and<br>information sharing<br>Elected Member reluctance to<br>undertake training results in the<br>Council failing to meet a 'whole<br>Council' approach<br>Staff reluctance to be involved in<br>referring safeguarding concerns due<br>to lack of confidence and awareness. | <ul> <li>A child, young person or vulnerable adult suffers significant harm</li> <li>A child, young person or vulnerable adult suffers from exploitation</li> <li>Avoidable death of a child, young person or vulnerable adult living in the District</li> <li>Reputational risk for Council</li> <li>Censure and special measures applied</li> <li>Staff stress</li> </ul> | Derek MacNab |  |  |  |  |  |  |

| Risk No 9 Safeguarding - Action Plan   |  |   |   |  |                     |          |  |  |
|--|--|---|---|--|---------------------|----------|--|--|
| Existing Controls/ actions to<br>address risk  | Effectiveness of<br>controls/actions   | Required further management action  | Responsibility<br>for action  | Critical success factors and measures  | Review<br>frequency | Key date |  |  |
| The Council has a current and<br>comprehensive Safeguarding<br>Policy which is updated<br>annually or in line with any<br>changes within legislation.<br>The policy details what is<br>required of all staff and<br>members, and contains clear<br>instructions for the recording<br>and processing of<br>safeguarding concerns,<br>incidents and allegations. | The Council has reduced the<br>risk of safeguarding issues<br>going unnoticed by staff and<br>members by providing clear<br>procedures and requirements<br>for training and awareness. | Leadership Team and<br>Managers to ensure that<br>all staff are aware of the<br>Councils safeguarding<br>policy and procedures<br>The Council needs to<br>ensure timely response to<br>changes in legislation or<br>local procedures. | Glen Chipp<br>Directors<br>Leadership<br>team<br>Julie Chandler<br>Paula Maginnis | The Council meets all of<br>its duties under Section<br>11 and 47.<br>The Council fully meets<br>all aspects of the<br>ESCB/ESAB<br>Safeguarding self -<br>assessment. | Monthly             | Monthly  |  |  |
| A Corporate Safeguarding<br>Group provides a forum for<br>sharing best practice,<br>disseminating information<br>across Directorates and<br>identifying any weaknesses in<br>the Council's work.   | This group is only partially<br>effective, due to limited<br>commitment by some<br>Directorates  | Directorates need to<br>commit time for<br>representatives to attend<br>the Corporate Working<br>Group.   |   |  |                     |          |  |  |
| All staff are required to<br>undertake safeguarding<br>training appropriate to their<br>roles.<br>The Council has a Safe<br>Recruitment Policy.  | This will be effective<br>subsequent to a training Plan<br>being developed.  | Staff require training in Safe Recruitment.   |   |  |                     |          |  |  |
| The Council has agreed to the<br>introduction of a dedicated<br>senior safeguarding post for<br>two years to enable the<br>Council to meet all of the<br>required standards.   | Safe Recruitment assists the<br>Council in reducing the risk<br>of employing an unsuitable<br>member of staff.   |   |   |  |                     |          |  |  |